

for Methane and Climate Change Mitigation

**Consultation meeting** March 19, 2015 Bogota, Colombia



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### **Objectives and Scope**

- Pilots an innovative climate finance mechanism that uses auctions to maximize impact of funds
- Provides incentive for private sector investment in projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions



- Disburses resources against independently verified emission reductions
- Initially targets methane
- \$100m target capitalization learning a key objective for scaling-up or replication for use with other pollutants or other results



### Initial target: Methane mitigation projects

#### **Sample Supported Projects**

#### Why Methane





- Methane is a highly potent greenhouse gas, 25 times that of carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- Concerted action in methane sectors alone could lessen warming by 0.3°C by 2050





 Methane aids in the formation of urban "smog" that is toxic to plants and crops and damaging to lungs, causing asthma and even heart attacks

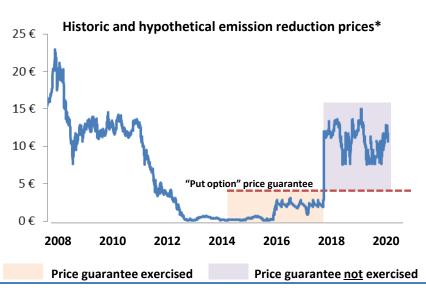




- Captured methane can be burned for cooking or electricity generation
- ~1,200 projects, capable of reducing ~850 Mt
  CO<sub>2</sub>e until 2020, were identified as stranded the initial target of the PAF

#### The PAF will offer a price guarantee by using the financial equivalent of a put option

- Market prices collapsed, stranding projects with no incentive to reduce emissions
- The PAF will pilot using "put options" to guarantee a floor price
- Put options give the right, but not the obligation to sell at the guarantee price





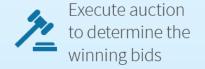
- The auction result sets the guarantee price level
- Auctioning ensures that the least-cost climate mitigation activities are selected
- Auction winners purchase the price guarantee (pay put premium)



## How it works: Step-by-step

Select and contract foremission reductions:







2. Achieve emission reductions:



Put option contract in hard currency helps implementer overcome financial and other barriers

Werify & pay-for-performance:



Monitor and verify emission reductions using established GHG accounting standards



Should the market price be below the put option strike price, contract holders exercise options and the PAF purchases the carbon credits

## Project selection criteria

The PAF will publish a list of transparent eligibility criteria for emission reductions

#### **Sectors**

- The first auction will target methane
- Final list of sectors announced soon
- Waste, waste water and agricultural waste likely eligible
- Other (including non-methane) sectors in future auctions

#### **Countries**

- Most countries will be eligible in the 1st auction
- Country-specific future auctions possible

#### **Emission reductions**

- First auction will likely accept only CDM credits
  thus projects will have to be CDM registered
- Credits must be "fresh", issued post auction
- Future auctions may be open to other standards

#### **Environmental, Health & Safety**

- To review environmental, health and safety risks of the project an audit against key performance criteria will be required just prior to put option redemption
- Audit to be performed by a CDM DOE (could be the same that performs CDM verification)
- The cost of the EHS inspection is to be borne by the option owner
- The EHS audit will be required with each put option redemption (i.e., annually)
- The EHS criteria are being worded so as to be readily answered, in order to achieve a pass or fail result.



## How the auction will work (1 of 3): pre-auction steps

- 1. PAF engages in global marketing campaign to ensure that a diverse set of firms are made aware
- 2. PAF announces transparent and objective criteria for eligible emission reductions.
- 3. The reverse auction fixes the option premium for all put options (e.g., \$0.50 per ton) this is the amount winners will need to pay up-front to purchase the option; losers owe nothing
- 4. Bidders announce their intention to participate, place a fully refundable deposit in order to indicate the maximum [value/volume] they are willing to purchase in the auction (e.g., 20%).
- 5. Bidders undergo World Bank Integrity Due Diligence screening
- 6. Training for bidders on the auction rules and online platform
- 7. The PAF sets a reserve price which is the auction starting price

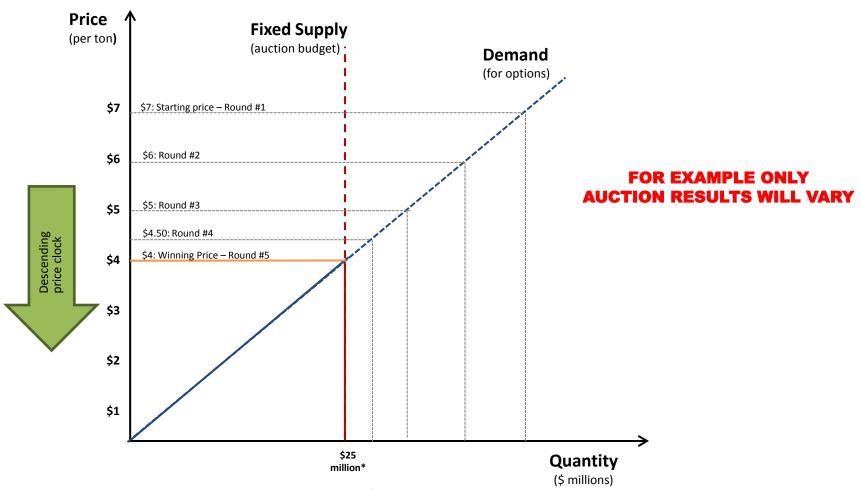


## How the auction will work (2 of 3): descending clock auction

- 1. Bidders identify the quantity of put options they are willing to buy at the starting price; if the aggregate demand for put options is greater than the supply (the auction budget) than there is a new round with a lower price; if a participant is unwilling to buy at the new round's announced price they drop out of the auction completely
- 2. A second round starts and the PAF sets a lower price and bidders identify the quantity of put options they are willing to buy at that price; if aggregate demand is greater than supply than a new round is declared with a lower price
- 3. Auction rounds continue with additional bidders dropping out until a round where aggregate demand is less than or equal to supply – this becomes the clearing price and all bidders left standing; this is the uniform put option strike price



# How the auction will work (3 of 3): descending clock auction



<sup>\*</sup> Auction budget will actually increase as bid decrements tick lower (b/c more options get sold). In this example the initial \$25m budget will generate  $\sim$ \$3.5m in premium back into the auction. The use of premiums to increase the size of the auction will happen in real time in the online platform.



## Delivering the put option through a World Bank bond

#### **Advantages**

- A putable bond provides the financial equivalent of a put option
- Speed to market
- Ease of use by private sector
- Enhanced tradability

#### **Key Terms of the Putable Bond**

- Zero Coupon
- Bond Issue Price is the equivalent of the premium
- Bond holder receives payment of strike price if redeems eligible ERs
- Maturities correspond to the redemption dates



## How to participate: Next steps in calendar view

**February** March **April** May June Consultations /outreach to bidders Eligibility criteria announced / comment period starts Comment period ends / eligibility criteria fixed Auction rules announced (e.g., min., max., deposit size) Notice of intent to bid due Bid deposits due Username/passwords distributed; trainings Mock auction



**AUCTION DATE** 

## I am interested, what should I do now to prepare?

- Identify source of CERs to be issued after auction date in likely methane sectors (waste, waste water and agricultural waste) and decide on bidding strategy (e.g. number of put options desired, lowest acceptable price)
- Prepare to review specific eligibility criteria when announced
- Prepare to pay refundable bid deposit
- If auction winner, prepare to pay premium to purchase put options
- CDM projects owners might be contacted by carbon aggregators and consultants interested in participating in PAF auctions
- Look for emails from PAF Secretariat and check the PAF website for deadlines - www.pilotauctionfacility.org



# Thank you

#### For more information visit: www.pilotauctionfacility.org





The Pilot Auction Facility is a model developed by the World Bank Group to stimulate investment in projects that reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Read More >> ਫ਼ਿੰ<sup>3</sup>



How it works: The PAF's results-based payment mechanism will set a floor price for future carbon credits. Read more >>



**Brochure**: The facility will begin with projects that reduce methane, including from livestock waste. Read more >> ₺

